

True or False

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

DATE

Using the information found in *Ancient Egypt*, verify whether the following statements are true or false. Check your answers in the book. If the answer is false, write the correct answer below the statement. List the page number where you found the information beside your answer.

Statement 1

Queen Hatshepsut commissioned the Temple of Hatshepsut to architect Senenmut after she became pharaoh in 1479 BC.

☐

True

☐

False

Page

Number

Statement 2

Egyptians believed each person had a spirit, or *ka*.

☐

True

☐

False

Page

Number

Statement 3

The two Pyramids of Giza served as houses for Egypt's kings, or pharaohs.

☐

True

☐

False

Page

Number

Statement 4

The Egyptians invented a type of paper called parchment.

☐

True

☐

False

Page

Number

Statement 5

A *nemes* is a dress with a piece of cloth worn across the chest.

☐

True

☐

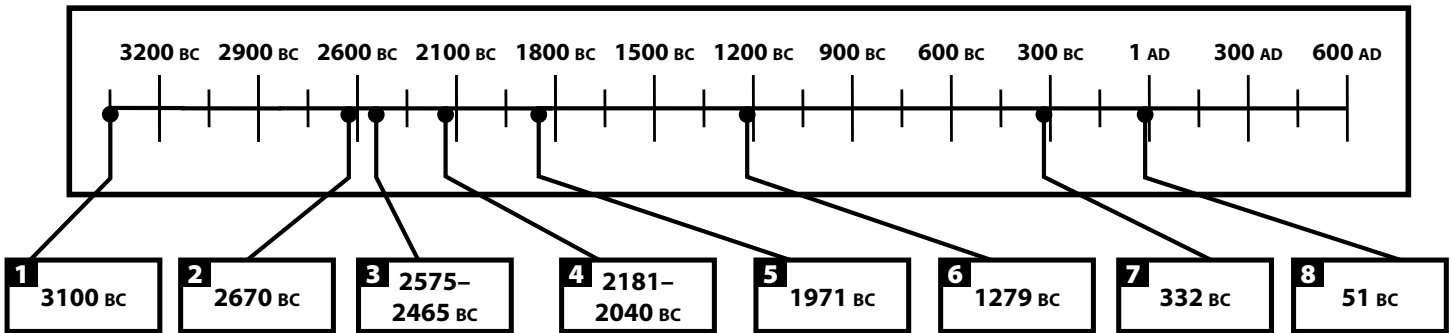
False

Page

Number



Number the events below in the order they would appear on the timeline. Write the number in the box beside each event. Check your answers with pages 29 of the book.



The 67-year reign of Ramses II begins. Known as Ramses the Great, he builds more statues and monuments than any other Egyptian pharaoh.

☐

During the reign of Khafre, the Great Sphinx of Giza is carved from a single piece of limestone.

☐

The Step Pyramid is designed as a tomb for the pharaoh Djoser. Prior to the Step Pyramid, pharaohs were buried in large rectangular tombs.

☐

Cleopatra VII, the last independent ruler of Egypt, takes the throne.

☐

Construction begins on the temple complex of Karnak, close to modern-day Luxor.

☐

Upper and Lower Egypt are united under the first pharaoh, Narmer. Memphis is established as the capital city of his kingdom.

☐

A period of Persian domination ends after Alexander the Great invades Egypt.

☐

During this period, Egypt sees war and strain. A drought causes famine and starvation, and the pharaoh eventually loses control of the country.

☐


Fill in the Blanks

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Use the information found in *Ancient Egypt* to help you complete the following activity.

1. Ancient Egypt stretched across northeast .
2. Most were men.
3. Egyptians believed the pharaohs were of Ra, the god of the Sun.
4. is played using a rectangular board divided into three rows with ten squares each.
5. Egyptians made pens from the of river reeds.
6. It took about 180 years to complete the of Horus in Edfu.
7. The Great Pyramid was the tomb of the pharaoh .



Daily Life

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Using the information found on pages 17–21 of the book, as well as the library and online content, choose three traditional aspects of daily life in Ancient Egypt. Beside each entry, write a short explanation of the chosen aspect. Once you are finished, find a partner and discuss your findings. Did you and your partner choose the same things?

Daily Life Aspect	Significance



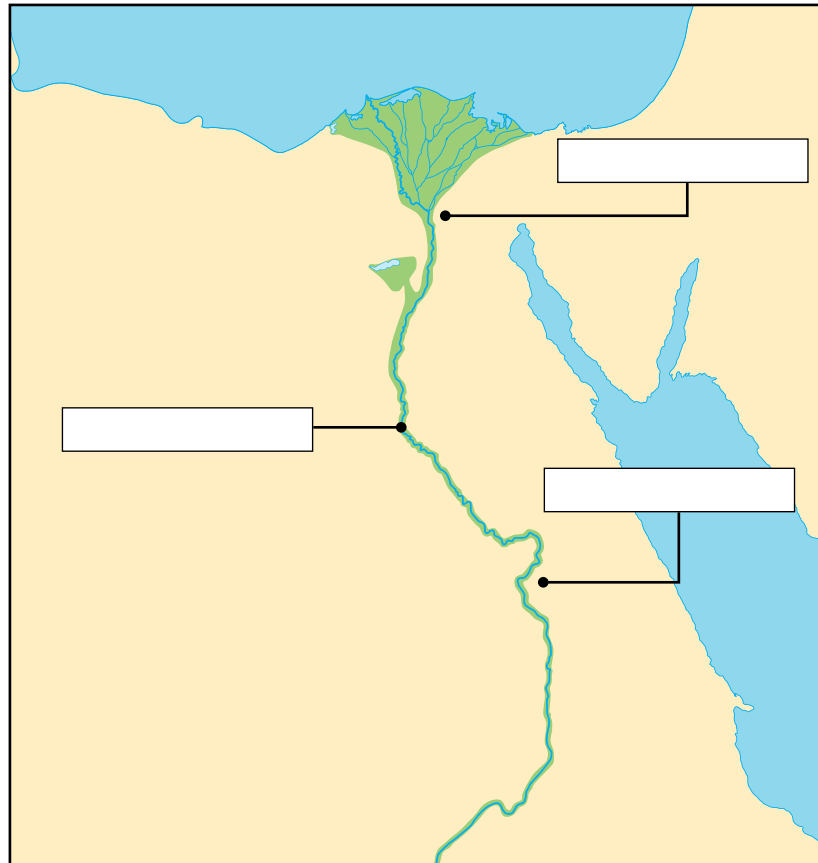
Mapping Activity

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Using the information on pages 8–9 of the book, fill in the blanks on this map of ancient Egypt with a name of a major city or a river. Using the space below, choose one location and explain why it is culturally, historically, or environmentally important.



Ancient Egypt Quiz

Test your knowledge by answering these quiz questions.

NAME

DATE

1

Where did Octavian defeat Cleopatra VII?

2

How tall is the Great Pyramid?

3

Who was Ra?

4

When did Khufu rule Egypt?

5

What did the ancient Egyptians use to build houses?

6

Where did Narmer build his capital city?

7

When was the Narmer Palette discovered?

8

When did the first hieroglyphics appear?



Key Words Match-Up

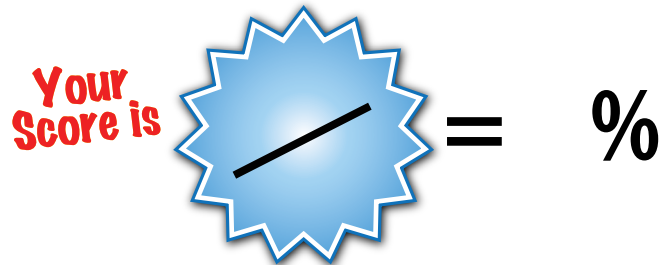
Write the words from the list below in the box above the correct definition for each word. Check your answers on page 31 of the book.

NAME

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KEY WORDS

architecture	mummies
artisans	preserving
cataract	rites
delta	script
dynasties	sickles



- lines of rulers, each of which belongs to a single family
- painters, sculptors, and other workers who are skilled at making things with their hands
- bodies that have been treated and wrapped in cloth to prevent decay
- the way people of a particular region speak
- a set of letters or characters that form an alphabet used for writing
- a triangle-shaped area of land formed where a river empties into the sea
- a large waterfall
- words or actions performed as part of a religion
- causing something to remain in its original state
- a style of building

