

Make a Timeline

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

DATE

Match the year to the correct description. Check your answers with pages 8–9 of the book.

1.	1821
2.	1823
3.	1830
4.	1833
5.	1835
6.	1836

After trying to negotiate with Santa Anna, with limited success, the Texians launch attacks against the Mexican government at Anahuac and Gonzales.

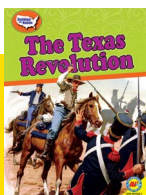
Texas declares its independence from Mexico.

The signing of the Treaty of Cordoba makes Mexico a nation in its own right, free from Spanish rule.

Mexico elects Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna as its president. He begins making changes to the structure of Mexico's government.

With American settlers outnumbering Mexicans in Texas, the Mexican government bans foreign immigration to the state.

Mexico passes the General Colonization Law, which encourages foreign settlement of Texas.



True or False

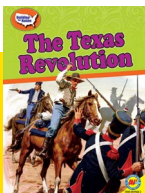
Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Using the information in *The Texas Revolution*, verify whether the following information is true or false. Check your answers in the book. List the page number where you found your information beside your answer.

Statement 1	The Battle of San Jacinto was the first battle of the Texas Revolution.	<input type="checkbox"/> True	Page Number	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/> False		
Statement 2	Davy Crockett was a frontier hero who had come from the United States to help the Texans fight.	<input type="checkbox"/> True	Page Number	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/> False		
Statement 3	The Mexican–American War (1846–1848) began soon after Texas joined the United States.	<input type="checkbox"/> True	Page Number	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/> False		
Statement 4	President Santa Anna was a famous general. He had helped fight to make Mexico independent from Spain.	<input type="checkbox"/> True	Page Number	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/> False		
Statement 5	Only five of the Alamo’s defenders died during the fighting.	<input type="checkbox"/> True	Page Number	<input type="text"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/> False		



Fill in the Blanks

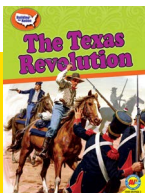
Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Use the information found in *The Texas Revolution* to help you complete the following activity.

1. Sam Houston was a key leader during Texas's fight for .
2. Colonel James Fannin was in charge of the Texian soldiers at . He negotiated their surrender with the Mexican army.
3. A Mexican named Francita helped some of the prisoners escape from the Presidio. Today, she is known as the Angel of Goliad.
4. Juan Seguín was a resident of Texas.
5. Despite their defeat at the , the Texians did not give up.
6. Sam Houston had been shot in the during the battle and was unable to stand.



Using information from the book, select an answer from the right and write the letter in the box beside the statement.

In this year, Texas's first English school opened in the town of San Felipe.

A. 1836

In this year, Mexico gained independence from Spain.

B. 3

Santa Anna surrendered to Sam Houston in this year.

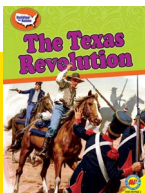
C. 1827

The Texians defended the Alamo for this many days. They shot their guns and fired their cannons.

D. 1821

Santa Anna did not sign the peace treaties until this many weeks after the Battle of San Jacinto.

E. 13



Key Events

Follow the instructions to complete the activity.

NAME

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Major historical events are often the topic of news stories. Choose one of the key events in the book, then write a news story in the space provided below.

News stories focus on a specific event and date in time. Be sure to present all sides of the story. Your news story should include the answers to the following five key questions.

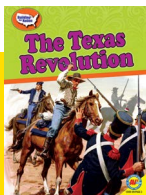
1. Who is the story about? This may be a person, group, organization, or company, for example.

2. What is the event?

3. Where did the event take place? This should include the city, town, or region.

4. When did the event take place? This should include the complete date and, if possible, the time.

5. Why is the event important? Explain why the event is relevant. How did the event impact people or the community?



Quiz

Test your knowledge by answering these quiz questions.

NAME

DATE

1 In what year did Mexico gain its independence from Spain?

2 What were the U.S. settlers in Texas called?

3 Why did the Republic of Texas have close ties with the United States?

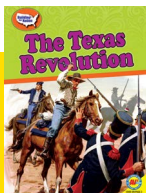
4 Who became Mexico's president in 1833?

5 What did Mexican soldiers demand from the Texians in the town of Gonzales?

6 What part of the Alamo was used as a military base?

7 How long did the Battle of the Alamo last?

8 Where did the last battle of the Texas Revolution take place?



Key Words Match-Up

Write the words from the list below in the box above the correct definition for each word.

NAME

DATE

KEY WORDS

annex
centralized
delegates
discrimination

independence
missionaries
republic
revolution



1.
unfair treatment of others based on who they are or how they look

5.
the ability to make decisions without being controlled by another government

2.
a complete change in a country's government, often a change that is sudden or violent

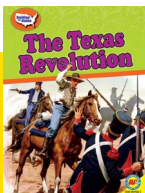
6.
people who are selected to vote, act, or attend meetings on behalf of other people

3.
people who teach religious beliefs and attempt to convince others of those beliefs

7.
to take over a country or territory

4.
a country governed by elected leaders

8.
controlled by a single authority



Quiz Answer Key

Compare your quiz answers with the answer key below.

NAME

DATE

- 1** 1821
- 2** Texians
- 3** Many people who lived in Texas had moved there from the United States.
- 4** Antonio López de Santa Anna
- 5** The Texians' cannon
- 6** The chapel
- 7** 13 days
- 8** San Jacinto River

